Envirothon Teacher Training

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Mammal Skull, Pelt, & Track Identification

Bobcat (Lynx rufus)





Skull

- Short and squat (4-7 inches long)
- Binocular vision
- Large canines
- Small quantity of teeth (carnivore)



- Tail
- Spots on ventral side



- Front of heel pad 2 lobes
- Back of heel pad 3 lobes No claw marks
- 1 ½ inch long- front
- 13/8 inch wide-front





American Badger (Taxidea taxus)

Skull

- 5-6 inches long
- Binocular Vision
- Fairly large canines
- Distinct triangle shaped head
- ~5 inches long

Pelt

- Thick stumpy tail
- Black and white stripes on face
- Grayish in color
- Long front claws

- Long prominent claws
- 2.5 inches long- front
- 2.0 inches long-front







Raccoon (Procyon lotor)





Skull

- Non-descript
- Very similar to badger- though not triangular
- Different types of teeth
- ~4.5 inches long

Pelt

- Ringed tail
- Salt and Pepper coloring
- Dark spots around eyes

- 5 slender toes
- Feet resemble small human hands
- Claws sometimes visible



Opossum (Didelphis virginiana)

Skull

- Weird!
- Large sagittal crest
- Large quantity of teeth
- Overbite with canines
- ~4.3 inches long

Pelt

- Mostly grayish color
- Long naked tail
- Small ears

- 5 toes
- Front footprint is wider than it is long
- 1.5 inches long
- 2 inches wide







Beaver (Castor canadensis)







Skull

- Distinct shape
- Orange front incisors
- Only molars
- Eyes- peripheral Vision

Pelt

- Orangey-rusty brown color
- Almost a perfect circle
- Guard hairs- very thick
- Small ears and eyes

- Front and hind feet have 5 toes
- Back foot has distinct webbing
- Back foot may be larger than human hand
- 5.0 inches long-back
- 5.5 inches wide-back

Red Fox (Vulpes vulpes)

Skull

- Smaller version of a coyote
- Elongated
- Large canines
- ~5.5 inches

Pelt

- Distinctively reddish rusty color
- Black/dark legs
- White chest/chin area

- Similar to coyote-but smaller
- Claws prominent
- One lobe on top
- 2.0 long x 1.8 inches wide
- Inside toes larger than outer







Coyote (Canis latrans)







Skull

- Similar to fox but larger
- Large canines
- Binocular vision
- ~7.5 inches

Pelt

- Depends on season when taken (reddish-orange) (Salt and pepper gray)
- Large ears
- Long legs

- Similar to fox but larger
- 2.5 inch long x 2.35 incheswide
- Claws usually present
- One lobe on pad

Mountain Lion (Puma concolor)

Skull

- Large skull!
- Large canines
- Small quantity of teeth
- Binocular vision
- Squat/wide skull

Pelt

- Light brown to dark brown
- Tail length = body length
- Large paws

- Very large! (diameter of baseball)
- Top part of pad has 2 lobes, back has3
- ~3.5 inches long x 3.5 inches wide







White-tailed Deer (Odocoileus virginianus)



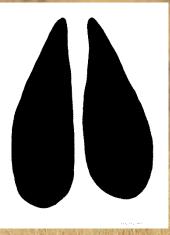


- Elongated nose cavity
- No canines- molars only
- Peripheral vision
- Large skull

Pelt

- Light brown color
- White tail
- Large pelt

- Heart shaped
- Concave wall
- Distinctive 2 parts
- 3.0 inches long x 1.9 inches wide



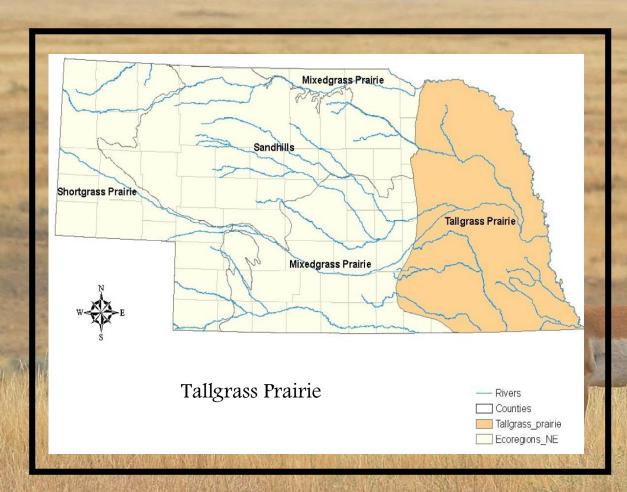




What is an ecoregion?

Ecoregion is defined as: "A large unit of land or water containing a geographically distinct assemblage of species, natural communities, and environmental conditions."

Tallgrass Prairie



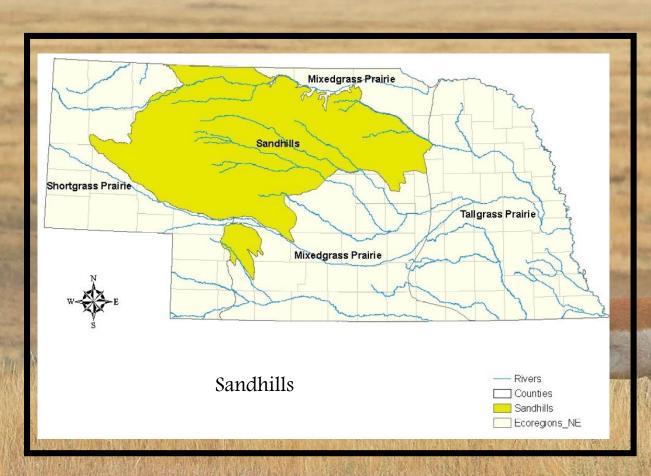
- Most endangered ecosystem in the world
- 25-36 inches of rain annually
- Big Blue Stem, Indian Grass,
 Switchgrass
- Wildflowers, forbs
- Native Woodlands- bluffs,
- Wet meadows
- 300 species of birds
- 55 mammal species
- 75 fish
- 53 amphibians & Reptiles
- Insects!!
- **Southern Flying Squirrel,
 Timber Rattlesnake,
 Massasauga, Regal Fritallary,
- Pallid Sturgeon, Piping Plover, Bell's Vireo, Saltwort

Mixedgrass Prairie



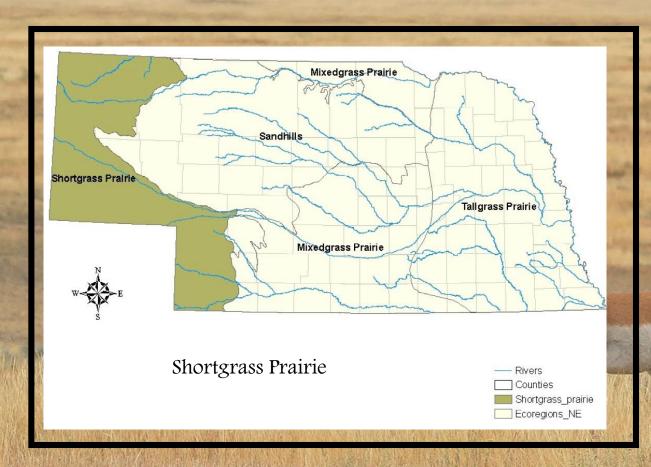
- Transition Zone
- 20-28 inches of rain annually
- Ogallala Aquifer
- Rainwater Basin- wetlands & migratory birds
- Tallgrass plants in east, shortgrass plants in west
- 350 migratory birds
- Many mammals- elk, Ord's Kangaroo Rat
- Reptiles & Amphibians
- **Holds largest populations of American Burying Beetles
- Burrowing Owl, Prairie
 Chicken, Whooping Crane
- Platte River
- Blanding's Turtle

Sandhills



- Largest stabilized dune system in the Western Hempisphere
- 17-23 inches of rain annually
- 1,000,000 acres of wetlands
- 700 native plant species
- Blowout Penstemon
- 300 species of migratory birds
- 55 species of mammals
- Bailey's Eastern Woodrat
- 75 species of fish
- 27 reptiles & amphibians
- **Trumpeter Swan, Burying Beetle, Finescale Dace, Small White Lady's- slipper, Western Prairie Fringed Orchid, Blanding's Turtle

Shortgrass Prairie

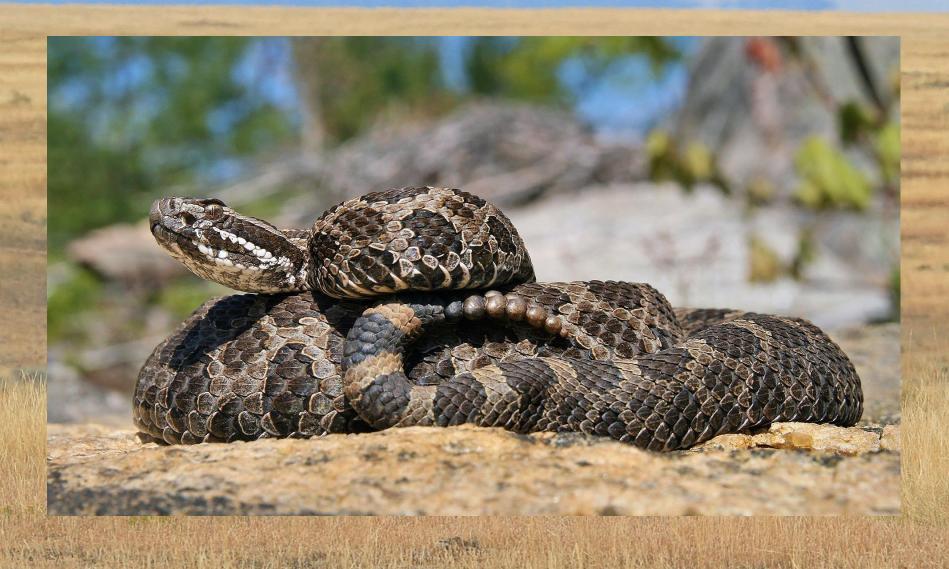


- Diverse topography
- 12-17 inches of rain annually
- Buffalo grass and Blue Grama,
- Plants rarely exceed 10 inches in height
- Pine woodlands- Ponderosa
 Pine
- Ungulate mammals dominate-Bighorn Sheep, Mule Deer, Pronghorn, Elk
- Prairie Dogs, Mountain Lions,
 Swift Fox,
- Lots of fish species- small stream fish like Dace
- Prairie Rattlesnake, Mountain Short Horned Lizard, Ornate Box Turtle
- **Colorado Butterfly Plant,
 Swift Fox, Ferruginous Hawk,
 Mountain Plover,

Rocky Mountain Bighorn Sheep



Massasauga Rattlesnake



Pallid Sturgeon



American Burying Beetle



Blowout Penstemon



Whooping Crane



Mountain Lion



Regal Fritillary





The Lacey Act (1900)

Prohibits trade in wildlife, fish, and plants that have been illegally taken, possessed, transported or sold.

**Protects plants and wildlife from being illegally taken

International Migratory Bird Treaty Act (1918)

• If a bird (or part of a bird or its nest or its egg(s)) is captured or killed or carried in a way that illegal, it's against the law to transport the bird (or part, nest, egg) to another state, territory, or foreign country.

Bald Eagle & Golden Eagle Protection Act (1940)

 Provides the protection of the Bald Eagle and the Golden Eagle by prohibiting taking the birds, possessing the birds, and using the birds for commercial purposes.

Endangered Species Act (1973)

 Provides for the conservation of ecosystems upon which threatened and endangered species of fish, wildlife and plants depend.

Conservation on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) 1973

 The CITES establishes a system of import/export regulations to prevent the over-exploitation of plants and animals listed by CITES

The Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act 1937

Also known as the Pittman-Robertson Act

 The revenue generated from the excise tax is apportioned to state wildlife agencies for conservation efforts, hunter's education and shooting projects and programs.



Edward Abbey

 Wrote Desert Solitude – about his time in the National Parks, and his disdain for commercialism there

Wrote Monkey Wrench Gang, highlighting eco-tourism



- Devotion to "land ethics"
- The "father of conservation"
- Wrote A Sand County Almanac

Jon Muir

 Took President Theodore Roosevelt on a 3 day camping trip- where he convinced him to preserve areas around Yosemite National Park

Co-founder and president of the Sierra Club

One of America's most famous naturalists and conservationists



 Wrote Silent Spring- because of this the US Government banned use of DDT





- Pollinators
- White-nose syndrome
- Epizootic Hemorrhagic Disease (EHD)
- Climate Change
- Mountain Lions
- Invasive Species
- Fire
- Threatened & Endangered Species
- Monarchs

