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April 9, 2021

TO: NARD Board, NRD Managers and Conservation Partners FROM: Dean E. Edson, NARD Executive Director RE: April 9 NARD Update

#### **State Budget Bills Advance**

Senators advanced the state budget bills following General File debate this week. The \$9.7 billion budget proposes to keep state spending growth at 1.6% for the two-year biennium. The budget proposal includes \$1.45 billion in direct property tax relief. The budget includes a \$100 million transfer from the General Fund to replenish the Cash Reserve Fund to a balance of \$763 million. The budget proposal leaves \$211 million for pending legislation.

Summaries for bills with provisions impacting natural resources programs are included below. A spreadsheet summarizing budget bills follows on page 7.

## LB 379 - Provide, change, and eliminate provisions relating to appropriations. Speaker Hilgers, at the request of the Governor.

The Legislature advanced LB 379 to Select File on April 4<sup>th</sup> by a 38-0 vote after adopting AM 392 on a 38-0 vote.

Previously, the Appropriations Committee reported LB 379 to General File on April 1<sup>st</sup> with AM 392.

The amendment (AM 392) becomes the bill. The bill adjusts the budget for the FY 2020-21. There are no adjustments related to natural resources programs.

## *LB* 380 – *Appropriate funds for the expenses of Nebraska State Government for the biennium ending June 30, 2023. Speaker Hilgers, at the request of the Governor.*

The Legislature advanced LB 380 to Select File on April 4<sup>th</sup> by a 42-0 vote after adopting AM 393 on a 41-0 vote and AM 891 on a 28-12 vote.

The floor amendment (AM 891) increased appropriations for the Nebraska Arts Council from the committee proposal of \$100,000 to \$1,005,346.

Previously, the Appropriations Committee reported LB 380 to General File on April 1<sup>st</sup> with AM 393. The amendment (AM 393) becomes the bill.

The bill provides appropriations for operation of state government over the next two fiscal years.

For natural resources programs, the proposal recommends the following:

- Nebraska Soil and Water Conservation Fund Maintains current levels of funding at \$1,806,112 and \$50,000 in Cash Funds for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Water Well Decommissioning Appropriates \$70,000 in Cash Funds for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Natural Resources Water Quality Fund \$1,187,500 in Cash Funds for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Nebraska Resources Development Fund The bill includes no additional appropriations. However unexpended balances existing on June 30, 2021, would be re-appropriated.
- Nebraska Water Sustainability Fund The bill includes an appropriation of \$10,390,033 for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23. Unexpended balances existing on June 30, 2021, would be re-appropriated
- **Critical Infrastructure Fund** The bill includes no additional appropriations, however unexpended balances existing on June 30, 2021, would be re-appropriated.
- **Department of Natural Resources operations -** The bill appropriates \$20,134,950 in FY 2021-22 and \$20,108,208 in FY 22-23.
- **Environmental Trust** The bill includes appropriations of \$20,676,142 for FY 21-22 and \$21,182,946 for FY 22-23.
- **Department of Environment and Energy** The bill includes appropriations of \$62,487,792 for FY 21-22 and \$62,487,792 for FY 22-23 for Administration, Water Quality, Land Quality and Air Quality programs.
- Drinking Water Facilities Loan Fund (NDEE) Appropriates \$8.5 million for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Nebraska Game and Parks Commission Wildlife Conservation Appropriates \$38,105,038 for FY 21-22 and \$38,567,910 for FY 22-23.
- Nebraska Game and Parks Commission Habitat Development Appropriates \$11,482,781 for FY 21-22 and \$11,506,611 for FY 22-23.
- Nebraska Game and Parks Commission Planning and Trails Coordination Appropriates \$1,770,827 for FY 21-22 and \$1,794,710 for FY 22-23.
- Nebraska Game and Parks Commission Niobrara Council Appropriates \$176,000 for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23. This includes \$125,000 from Federal sources, \$50,000 in General Fund and \$1,000 in Cash Fund for each fiscal year.
- University of Nebraska Robert B. Daugherty Water for Food Global Institute Appropriates \$500,000 in General Funds for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.

The bill as amended includes the following transfers impacting natural resources programs:

- Transfers \$11 million from the General Fund to the Water Sustainability Fund in both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Transfers \$3.3 million from the General Fund to the Water Resources Cash Fund in both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.

The bill as amended also includes provisions of LB 449 to appropriate funds to NDEE for weatherization and energy efficiency improvements. A summary of LB 449 follows the budget bill summaries.

# The Appropriations Committee held hearings for the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy, Nebraska Department of Natural Resources and Nebraska Game and Parks on February 26<sup>th</sup>.

#### Agency 29 – Department of Natural Resources

Director Riley testified in support on behalf of the Department. He noted he fully supports the Governor's recommendation and the committee's preliminary recommendation. He noted that program 334 contains the departments operation budget and that the Governor's recommendation includes a less than 2% increase in each FY - Excluding a one-time appropriation for \$225,000 to support development of the flood mitigation plan.

Director Riley commented that the agency works closely with the Natural Resource Commission on managing cash fund appropriations and he provided an overview of projects funded by the Water Sustainability Fund (WSF). He commented that the department supports the \$475K transfer from the WSF to the cash fund to support maintenance and study of the South Platte River. Director Riley noted that the one-time \$3.8 million appropriation does not need additional funding, but noted it is critical that the existing balance be re-appropriated to support continued work.

Sen. Stinner asked about the fund balance of the \$3.8 million transfer. Director Riley noted that approx. \$2.3 million is unexpended, and that most of the work has been completed and they're working to accelerate the reimbursement process.

Sen. Wishart noted that they have been briefed by the Attorney General's office about water litigation, and asked if the Department works closely with the AG's office, and if so, does the Department have the resources to support that? Director Riley noted that the department works closely with the AG's office and that it is the responsibility of the department to look upstream and protect our resources, further noting that at this point with what is requested the department can support those efforts. Sen. Stinner commented that it is important to monitor and respond to anything Colorado does on the South Platte.

There was no opposition or neutral testimony, and no letters were submitted for the record.

#### Agency 84 – Department of Environment and Energy

Director Macy testified in support on behalf of the Department. He noted the recommendation includes salary and health insurance increases of less than 1% over the current base appropriation. He commented that he supports the Governor's proposed budget and the committees proposed budget, with one exception - He noted the committee didn't include health insurance increases for program 106 and encouraged that be included. Sen. Stinner noted that was likely just an oversight.

Sen. Wishart requested that Director Macy provide the committee a brief on the situation with the AltEn plant at Mead. Director Macy referenced the February 25<sup>th</sup> briefing with the Natural Resources Committee. He commented that they have been on site since the emergency happened, and that they brought in a contractor and EPA to assist. Macy noted that the spill is contained, and active remediation is occurring with progress, mentioning they are toward the end of emergency phase of cleanup, telling the committee he anticipates we're days, or a week or two from seeing the finality on the emergency part of it. He told the committee the facility has March 1<sup>st</sup> date to clean up the wet-cake.

Sen. Wishart commented that she has heard the leakage went 30 feet down and asked how that was being addressed. Macy noted that's not part of the cleanup going on now and that the emergency situation is different from long standing compliance efforts of the agency in this case. He commented that according to their current groundwater results, one well had an indication of groundwater impacts. He noted that he can't

yet report results of testing going on right now, telling the committee as soon as they get results they'll let them know. He further commented that the one well that showed contamination was not significant, so they're going to go look into it further and report back.

The committee asked further questions about the cost of cleanup and dealing with the situation moving forward. Macy noted there is about 100,000 tons of wet-cake and a lot of water in lagoons that needs mitigated, but noted that's the facilities job, commenting that when the facility gives them a plan he'll know more.

Sen. Wishart asked who is responsible if people's health is impacted, the company or the state? Macy commented that it is the company's responsibility, but commented they're getting into confidentiality and that he can't go further.

The committee further asked Macy if the department has the staff funding to address the situation, or can the committee anticipate a deficit request. Director Macy commented that we're in emergency stage, and he doesn't want to ask for something they haven't evaluated, noting they need to see what tools they have to fit the situation, but at this point there is no additional request for support and that he will be able to talk more about it later on.

A letter in support was submitted for the record by the League of Women Voters.

There was no opposition or neutral testimony.

#### Agency 33 – Nebraska Game and Parks Commission

Director Douglas testified in support on behalf of the Commission. He commented that a majority of budget request was dedicated to state-approved wage and insurance adjustments. He noted there is some increase for increased campground capacity and upgrades, as well as additional staff at Lake McConaughey. He requested the committee give further consideration for agency capital request for program acquisition and management of wildlife areas. The purpose of the request is not for acquisitions, but is focused on capital development for improvements, including fencing projects and construction of a couple of wells.

During questioning Sen. Erdman had several questions and comments to make about NGPC management. Those comments were not limited to an audit report for tracking of capital improvements, revenue sources and use of program 336, pheasant populations, mountain lion populations, and lengthy discussion over increasing elk populations.

Tanya Storer, Chair of the Niobrara Council, testified in support on behalf of the Council. Storer provided the committee with a detailed overview of the role of the Council and walked through the funding mechanisms for the council. She commented that money received from federal sources is restricted and that the state appropriation is utilized for administrative costs.

There were no additional proponents, and no opposition or neutral testimony was provided.

#### LB 383 - Appropriate funds for capital construction. Speaker Hilgers, at the request of the Governor.

The Legislature advanced LB 383 to Select File on April 9<sup>th</sup> by a 37-3 vote after adopting AM 395 by a 37-3 vote and AM 9111111 by a 32-3 vote.

The major appropriations in the bill are for the proposed new prison, University of Nebraska projects and the State Capitol HVAC repair.

Included in the bill are several capital construction projects for the Nebraska Game and Parks Commission as follows:

- State Park System Facility Improvements Appropriates \$775,000 for FY 21-22 and \$925,000 for FY 22-23.
- State Parks Facilities Deferred Maintenance Appropriates \$4,325,000 for FY 21-22 and \$4,175,000 for FY 22-23.
- Improvements to State Recreation Areas Appropriates \$500,000 for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Emergency Repairs Appropriates \$750,000 for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23.
- Aquatic Habitat Enhancement and Restoration Appropriates \$3,000,000 for both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23 in future cash funds.

# LB 384 - Provide for transfers of funds and change permitted use of a fund. Speaker Hilgers, at the request of the Governor.

The Legislature advanced LB 384 to Select File on April 4<sup>th</sup> by a 44-0 vote after adopting AM 396 on a 44-0 vote.

Previously, the Appropriations Committee reported LB 384 to General File on April 1<sup>st</sup> with AM 396. The amendment (AM 396) becomes the bill.

The bill provides for transfers of funds for state operations. Original sections relating to transfers from the General Fund to the Property Tax Credit Fund, the Water Sustainability Fund, and the Water Resources Cash Fund, are now contained in the committee amendment to LB 380.

LB 384 as amended transfers \$475,000 from the Water Sustainability Fund to the Department of Natural Resources Cash Fund in both FY 21-22 and FY 22-23. During General File floor debate, Sen. Stinner noted an amendment would be brought on Select File to strike the \$475,000 transfer, as the transfer of funds for the study are no longer required.

#### LB 449 - Appropriate funds to the Department of Environment and Energy. Wishart.

Provisions of LB 449 were incorporated into LB 380, the mainline appropriation bill. LB 380 as amended was advanced to Select File on April 8<sup>th</sup>, a summary of LB 380 is included above.

The bill proposes to appropriate \$100,000 annually from the General Fund for FY2021-22 and FY2022-23, to the Department of Environment and Energy, for the Low-Income Weatherization Assistance Program, to aid in carrying out energy efficiency audits and weatherization improvements.

#### *The Appropriations Committee accepted testimony on LB 449 on February 26<sup>th</sup>.*

Senator Wishart opened by noting the bill would assist households below 200% of federal poverty level to increase energy savings by implementing weatherizing improvements.

#### **Proponents**

Britton Gable testified in support on behalf of OPPD and the Nebraska Power Association. He noted OPPD offers cost-assistance programs, but those programs don't address long-term problem. He commented that weatherization improvements can decrease energy costs by up to 25%. He provided an example of a pilot program in partnership with Habit for Humanity that was completed on 62 homes providing an average annual savings of \$232 per home. He noted that 356 other properties have been done with other funding sources, but there is a long waiting list for projects. He clarified that the OPPD program is for owner-

occupied homes, NDEE program can serve some renter occupied homes, but there are federal regulations that NDEE must deal with.

Gable pointed out the \$100,000 in state funds under the proposal would be added to the \$2.6 million in Federal funding provided to NDEE for the weatherization program.

Tracie McPherson testified in support on behalf of Habitat for Humanity of Omaha. She told the committee Habitat for Humanity for Omaha weatherizes on average 116 homes in Douglas county each year. Weatherization of homes helps reduce the energy burden on families by roughly 18%. She commented that weatherization also mitigates deterioration of homes. Tracie provided an example of a current client that has been heating her house with a wood burning stove, noting that in two weeks she will have an energy efficient furnace.

Ashley Frevert testified in support on behalf of Community Action of Nebraska. She noted they use advanced computer software to determine most efficient projects to implement to improve weatherization. She noted they weatherized 356 homes for \$134,000 in annual savings. With the average cost of \$7,500 per home. During questioning, Sen. Hilkeman commented that at an average cost of \$7,500, they're looking at nearly 50-year return on investment.

Letters of support were provided by Nebraska Interfaith Power and Light, Nebraska Sierra Club, and Audubon Society.

There was no opposition or neutral testimony. A letter was submitted by one individual in a neutral capacity.

During closing, Sen. Wishart noted that federal funds are exhausted and there is a waiting list to get funded. She addressed Sen. Hilkeman comments and noted that while there may not be a lot of short-term financial return on investment, it is an investment to improve the lives of people of the state.

		Governor Proposed LB's 380 & 384			Appropriation Proposed Bud	Committee AM 393 Change From Governors Proposed LB 380				Appropriations AM 393 Change From FY 20-21 Baseline					
Agency 84 - Department Envir	onmental & Energy	FY 21-22		FY 22-23	FY 21-22		FY 22-23	FY	21-22		FY 22-23		FY 21-22		FY 22-23
	General Fund	\$ 3,754	047	\$ 3,778,641	\$ 4,826,993	\$	4,862,565	\$	1,072,946	\$	1,083,924	\$	1,110,249	\$	1,145,82
Program 513, 586, 587, 588 -	Cash Fund	\$ 36,918	970	\$ 37,023,644	\$ 38,185,376	\$	38,345,459		1,266,406	\$	1,321,815	\$	1,434,269	\$	1,594,352
NDEE <sup>1</sup>	Federal Fund est.	\$ 17,304	737	\$ 17,415,411	\$ 19,475,423	\$	19,635,506	\$	2,170,686	\$	2,220,095	\$	2,338,549	\$	2,498,632
NDEE	Program Total	\$ 57,977	754	\$ 58,223,696	\$ 62,487,792	\$	62,487,792	\$	4,510,038	\$	4,264,096	\$	4,883,067	\$	4,883,06
	Salary Limit	\$ 13,769	558	\$ 13,918,726	\$ 16,282,707	\$	16,519,455	\$	2,513,149	\$	2,600,729	\$	2,775,170	\$	3,011,918
	<sup>1</sup> The increases in the	e Committees pr	oposal	reflect NDEE absorb	oing water quality pro	gran	ns formally hou	used at D	HHS.						
Program E22 Westowator Loop	Cash Fund	\$ 600	000	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$	600,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Program 523 - Wastewater Loan	Federal Fund est.	\$ 6,940	000	\$ 6,940,000	\$ 6,940,000	\$	6,940,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund	Program Total	\$ 7,540	000	\$ 7,540,000	\$ 7,540,000	\$	7,540,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
500 0 1 1 14 1	Cash Fund	\$	- 3	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Program 528 - Drinking Water	Federal Fund est.	\$ 8,500	000	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 8,500,000	\$	8,500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Facilities Loan Fund	Program Total	\$ 8,500	000	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 8,500,000	\$	8,500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Agency 33 - Game & Park	1	FY 21-22		FY 22-23	FY 21-22		FY 22-23		21-22	-	FY 22-23		FY 21-22		FY 22-23
Progam 162 - Environmental	Cash Fund	\$ 20,675			\$ 20,676,142	\$	21,182,946	\$	351		545	\$	8,555	\$	515,359
Trust	Program Total	\$ 20,675	791 3	\$ 21,182,401	\$ 20,676,142	\$	21,182,946	\$	351	\$	545	\$	8,555	\$	515,359
	Salary Limit	\$ 291	891 3	\$ 295,908	\$ 292,196	\$	296,460	\$	305	\$	552	\$	5,772	\$	10,036
										<u> </u>					
	Cash Fund		995		\$ 7,582,108		7,605,938	\$	(8,887)	·	(19,159)	\$	(69,341)		(45,511
Program 330 - Habitat Development	Federal Fund est.		998		\$ 3,900,673		3,900,673	\$	(1,325)	Ş	(2,677)	\$	(3,443)	\$	(3,443
	Program Total	\$ 11,492			\$ 11,482,781		11,506,611	\$	(10,212)		(21,836)	\$	(72,784)	\$	(48,954
	Salary Limit	\$ 1,607	238	\$ 1,628,840	\$ 1,597,748	\$	1,608,622	\$	(9,490)	\$	(20,218)	\$	42,011	\$	52,88
	General Fund		493	. , ,	\$ 1,825,024	\$	1,867,895	\$	7,531	\$	18,486	\$	399,400	\$	442,271
Program 336 - Wildlife Conservation <sup>2</sup>	Cash Fund	\$ 27,043	836	\$ 27,430,888	\$ 32,061,087	\$	32,469,593	\$	5,017,251	\$	5,038,705	\$	6,030,916	\$	6,439,422
	Federal Fund est.	\$ 4,225	405	\$ 4,243,090	\$ 4,218,927	\$	4,230,422	\$	(6,478)	\$	(12,668)	\$	446,774	\$	458,269
	Program Total	\$ 33,086	734	\$ 33,523,387	\$ 38,105,038	\$	38,567,910	\$	5,018,304	\$	5,044,523	\$	6,877,090	\$	7,339,962
	Salary Limit	\$ 16,025	594	\$ 16,295,845	\$ 16,056,219	\$	16,370,045	\$	30,625	\$	74,200	\$	1,104,923	\$	1,418,749
	<sup>2</sup> \$5,000,000 Cash Fund	increase is inclu	ded in (	Committee proposal f	for wildlife damage re	imbu	ursement, which	n shall on	ly be used f	or su	ch purpose.				
	General Fund		011 3		\$ 50,000		50,000	\$	7,989	\$	7,989	\$	7,989	\$	7,989
Program 338 - Niobrara Council	Cash Fund	\$ 1	000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Federal Fund est.	\$ 125	000	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Program Total		011		\$ 176,000		176,000	Ś	7,989	Ś	7,989	Ś	7,989	Ś	7,989
		-			une 30, 2021, is reap				,	· ·					/
	General Fund		211		\$ 493,544		500,230	\$	(667)	\$	(1,817)	\$	4,128	\$	10,814
	Cash Fund		192				1,183,924	\$	1,730	\$	2,723	\$	24,198	\$	40,200
Program 550 - Planning & Trails	Federal Fund est.		414		\$ 109,361		110,556		(53)	jaan	258	Ś	1,450	\$	2,645
Coordination	Program Total		817				1,794,710		1,010	\$	1,164	s.	29,776	\$	53,659
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	Salary Limit		998						829	Ś	917	Ś	24.980	Ś	38.452
	Salary Limit Amount expended fo	\$ 969	998 s mainte	\$ 983,382	\$ 970,827	\$	984,299	\$	829 1 FY	\$	917	\$	24,980	\$	38,452
		\$ 969		\$ 983,382		\$	984,299	\$		\$	917	\$	24,980	\$	38,452
Agency 29 - Department of N	Amount expended fo	\$ 969 r development &		\$ 983,382 enance of boundary fe	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr	\$	984,299 mited to \$64,00	\$ 0 CF each	ı FY			-			
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Agency 29 - Department of N Program 303 - Small Watersheds	Amount expended fo	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22	mainte	\$ 983,382 mance of boundary fe FY 22-23	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ -	\$ rail li	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23	\$ 0 CF each	21-22		FY 22-23	-	FY 21-22 -		FY 22-23
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Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well	Amount expended fo Vatural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Ger Cash Fund Program Total	\$ 969 r development & <b>FY 21-22</b> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	mainte	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fe FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,122 \$ 1,856,122 \$ 1,856,122 \$ 50,000 \$ 70,000	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 70,000	\$ s \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23 - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 70,000	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	21-22 - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - -	\$	FY 21-22 - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - -
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil &	Amount expended fo Vatural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Ger Cash Fund Program Total	\$ 969 r development & <b>FY 21-22</b> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	mainte	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fe FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 5, - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,122 \$ 1,856,122 \$ 1,856,122 \$ 50,000 \$ 70,000	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 70,000	\$ s \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23 - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 70,000	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	21-22 - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - -	\$	FY 21-22 - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - -
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning	Amount expended fo Autural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- 2 - 2 112 2 000 2 112 2 priation 000 2 000 2 ion bal	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing of \$ 70,000 ance existing on June	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000	\$ silli \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 d.	\$ 0 CF each <b>FY</b> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	FY 21-22 - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - -
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning	Amount expended fo Autural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- 2 - 2 112 2 000 2 112 2 priation 000 2 000 2 ion bal	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing of \$ 70,000 ance existing on June	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000	\$ silli \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 d.	\$ 0 CF each <b>FY</b> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	FY 21-22 - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - -
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resourc	Amount expended fo Vatural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Ger Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Expended Cash Des Development Fund	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	mainte 	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fe FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing of \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 ance existing on June the second	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 30,2021, is reappropr	\$ sail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ appp \$ \$ ance	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 70,000 d. es existing on Ju	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22 2021, are re	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - -
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resourc Program 309 - Natural	Amount expended fo Vatural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Ger Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash es Development Fund Cash Fund	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	mainte 	\$ 983,382 rnance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 71,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 71,000 \$ 71,000\$ \$ 71,	\$ s \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ ance	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23 - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 0,000 d. es existing on Ji 1,187,500	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resourc Program 309 - Natural	Amount expended fo latural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash es Development Func Cash Fund Program Total	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,856 neral Fund appropriat \$ 70 \$ 70	mainte	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing of \$ 70,000 ance existing on June heral Fund & Cash Fu \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 30, 2021, is reappropri 30, 2021, is reappropri and appropriation ball \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500	\$ s \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ appr \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23 - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 70,000 d. es existing on J 1,187,500 1,187,500	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22 2021, are re	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - -
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Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resourc Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water	Amount expended fo <b>Vatural Resources</b> Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash es Development Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund Program Total Cash Fund Program Total Cash Fund Cash Fund	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	maintee - ! ! 112 ! 000 ! 112 ! priation 000 ! 000	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fe FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 In balance existing on June \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 10,865,033	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is reappropri- and appropriation ball \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 10,390,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ appr \$ \$ \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 FY 22-23 - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 d. : 1,187,500 1,187,500 d. 10,390,033	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
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Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resourc Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water	Amount expended for Vatural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Get Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casl cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casl Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casl Cash Fund General FundTransfe	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,856 erral Fund appropriat - The unexpend \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,100 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,00	maintee -	\$ 983,382 rnance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,012 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,012 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,180,503 \$ 1,1000,000 \$ 1,1000,000 }	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is reappropri- and appropriation ball \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 10,390,033	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 0 CF each \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
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Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct	Amount expended fo <b>latural Resources</b> Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gei Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund General FundTransfe	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	maintee -	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 In balance existing on \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,180,500 \$ 1,180,500 \$ 1,180	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is rea \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,390,033 \$ 11,000,000 30, 2021, is reappropri	\$ s s s s s s s s s ance s s iatec s s iatec	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 1,87,500 1,185,500 1,185,500 1,1	\$ 0 CF each FY 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
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Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well	Amount expended fo <b>latural Resources</b> Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gei Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund General FundTransfe	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	maintee -	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 ance existing on June thereal Fund & Cash Fu \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 10,865,033 \$ 11,000,000 ance existing on June	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	\$ silli \$ \$ \$ \$ s s s inateo \$ s s inateo \$ \$ 0, 20	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 1,87,500 1,185,500 1,185,500 1,1	\$ 0 CF each FY 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct	Amount expended fo <b>latural Resources</b> Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Program Total The unexpended Gei Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Development Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund General FundTransfe The unexpended Casi Unexpended Casi La 298 Transfer in	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,856 eral Fund appropriat - The unexpend - The unexpend 5 1,187 \$ 3,100 Fund appropriat \$ 3,300 	maintee -	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,87,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 3,300,000	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 1 Jus 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,87,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,0,390,033 \$ 11,000,000 30, 2021, is reappropr c existing on June 30 \$ 3,300,000 -	\$ ail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ appp \$ \$ \$ ance \$ \$ ance \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 70,000 d. se existing on Ju 1,187,500 d. 11,187,500 d. 10,390,033 11,000,000 d. 21, is reapprop	\$ 0 CF each FY 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct Water Resources Cash Fund	Amount expended fo <b>Vatural Resources</b> Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash General Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund The unexpended Cash UB 298 Transfer in General Fund	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,856 beral Fund appropriat - The unexpend - The unexpend \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,000 Fund appropriat \$ 10,865 \$ 3,300 \$ 3,300 \$ 11,017	maintee - : : 112	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 10,971,400	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 0,2021, is reappropr and appropriation bal \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,300,033 \$ 11,000,000 30, 2021, is reappropr \$ 10,390,033 \$ 11,000,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 11,020,779	\$ ail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ ance \$ ance \$ \$ ; ance \$ \$ ; \$ ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	984,299 mited to \$64,00 	\$ 0 CF each FY \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 21-22	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct Water Resources Cash Fund **Program 334 - Soil & Water	Amount expended fo latural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund General FundTransfer The unexpended Cash Une Facilities The u LB 298 Transfer in General Fund Cash Fund General Fund	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 700 \$ 1,806 \$ 1,8876 \$ 1,1877 \$ 1,1877 \$ 1,1870 \$ 1,1800 \$ 1,0806 \$ 1,0807 \$ 1,0807 \$ 3,3000 \$ 1,0177 \$ 7,784	maintee - : : : - : : : : - : : : : - : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	\$ 983,382 rnance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,012 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,012 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,086,033 \$ 11,000,000 \$ 2,000,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 10,971,400 \$ 7,788,195	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 30, 2021, is reappropr and appropriation ball \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,387,500 \$ 1,300,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150	\$ sill ii \$ \$ \$ \$ s s s s iiateo \$ \$ s iiateo \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 0 CF each FY 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23	•         •	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct Water Resources Cash Fund **Program 334 - Soil & Water Conservation (General	Amount expended fo latural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Gash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash es Development Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Inthe unexpended Cash Cash Fund General FundTransfer The unexpended Cash LB 298 Transfer in General Fund Federal Fund Federal Fund Federal Fund est.	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,856 heral Fund appropriat - The unexpend \$ 700 \$ 700 \$ 700 \$ 700 \$ 1,856 heral Fund appropriat \$ 1,1877 \$ 1,1877 \$ 1,1877 \$ 1,1877 \$ 1,1875 \$ 1,104 \$ 10,865 \$ 11,007 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,007 \$ 1,007 \$ 1,007 \$ 3,300 \$ 3,704 \$ 3,704 \$ 3,704 \$ 3,705 \$ 1,007 \$ 7,784 \$ 839	maintee - ! ! - ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	\$ 983,382 nance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 In balance existing on \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 10,865,033 \$ 11,000,000 ance existing on June \$ 3,300,000 - \$ 3,300,000 - \$ 7,788,195 \$ 845,188	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 0,2021, is reappropr and appropriation ball \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,1020,733 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 3,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779	\$ ail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ appr \$ \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$ ance \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 d. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 0 CF each FY 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23		FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct Water Resources Cash Fund **Program 334 - Soil & Water Conservation (General	Amount expended fo <b>Vatural Resources</b> Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gei Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Casi Cash Fund Cash Fund Cash Fund Cash Fund Cash Fund Cash Fund The unexpended Casi Cash Fund General FundTransfe The unexpended Casi Cash Fund General FundTransfe The unexpended Casi Cash Fund General FundTransfe Facilities The L LB 298 Transfer in General Fund Cash Fund Federal Fund est. Program Total	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	maintee - : : - : : 112 : 000 : priation 000 : ion bal ed Gen 	\$ 983,382 rnance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 In balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,0,865,033 \$ 11,000,000 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 3,300,000 \$ 7,788,195 \$ 845,188 \$ 19,604,783	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is rea \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,1020,079 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 855,021 \$ 20,134,950	\$ rail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 d. 20,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 70,000 1,855,112 ropriated. 1,187,5001,187,500 1,197,500 1,	\$ 0 CF each FY \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct Water Resources Cash Fund	Amount expended fo latural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Gash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash es Development Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Inte unexpended Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Inte unexpended Cash General Fund General Fund For Inte Unexpended Cash Inte Inter I	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,806 \$ 50 \$ 1,806 \$ 70 \$ 7,784 \$ 839 \$ 519,641	maintee - ! ! - ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! 112 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	\$ 983,382 rnance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 In balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,187,500 ance existing on June \$ 1,0,865,033 \$ 11,000,000 ance existing on June \$ 3,300,000 \$ 7,788,195 \$ 845,188 \$ 19,604,783	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is re \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 0,2021, is reappropr and appropriation ball \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,1020,733 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 3,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 3,50,211 \$ 1,020,779 \$ 1,020,779	\$ rail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - - 1,806,112 50,000 1,856,112 ropriated. 70,000 d. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 0 CF each FY \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1 FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23		FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -		FY 22-23
Program 303 - Small Watersheds Program 304 - Nebraska Soil & Water Conservation Fund *Program 306 - Water Well Decommissioning Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 307 - Nebraska Resource Program 309 - Natural Resources Water Quality Fund Program 313 - Water Sustainability Fund Program 314 - Critical Infrastruct Water Resources Cash Fund **Program 334 - Soil & Water Conservation (General Dperations)	Amount expended fo latural Resources Cash Fund Program Total General Fund Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Gen Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund Program Total The unexpended Cash Cash Fund General Fund The unexpended Cash Une Facilities The u LB 298 Transfer in General Fund General Fund General Fund Cash Fund General Fund Cash Fund General Fund Cash Fund Salary Limit	\$ 969 r development & FY 21-22 \$ \$ \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,806 \$ 500 \$ 1,856 beral Fund appropriat - The unexpend - The unexpend - Thu dappropriat \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,187 \$ 1,085 \$ 1,000 Fund appropriat \$ 10,865 \$ 1,000 Fund appropriat \$ 1,0000	maintee - : : - : : 112 : 000 : priation 000 : ion bal ed Gen 	\$ 983,382 rnance of boundary fo FY 22-23 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n balance existing on \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,190,000 \$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,	\$ 970,827 ences along Cowboy Tr FY 21-22 \$ - \$ 1,806,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,856,112 n June 30, 2021, is reappropr ad appropriation bal \$ 1,187,500 \$ 1,1000,000 30,2021, is reappropr \$ 10,200,033 \$ 11,000,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 3,300,000 \$ 11,020,779 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 8,259,150 \$ 20,134,950 \$ 7,086,478	\$ rail li \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	984,299 mited to \$64,00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 0 CF each FY \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$	1 FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 22-23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	FY 21-22 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
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<sup>2</sup>\$5,000,000 Cash Fund increase is included in Committee proposal for wildlife damage reimbursement, which shall only be used for such purpose.

#### **General File**

# LB 65 - Change contractual conflict of interest provisions under the Nebraska Political Accountability and Disclosure Act. Williams.

The Legislature advanced LB 65 to Select File on April 6<sup>th</sup> by a 41-0 vote.

The Government Committee reported LB 65 to General File on February 16th following an 8-0 vote.

The bill proposes under the conflict of interest statutes for officers to remove the language "a direct pecuniary fee" from the law dealing with contracts. It replaces the term with "a payment or fee".

#### The Government Committee accepted testimony on LB 65 on February 10th

During opening, Senator Williams outlined the bill and noted it only proposes a change that is technical in nature.

#### Proponents

Frank Daley testified in support on behalf of the Nebraska Accountability and Disclosure Commission. He reiterated that the bill is technical in nature and removes a conflicting section of statute.

A letter of support was submitted by the League of Municipalities.

There was no opposition or neutral testimony and Sen. Williams waived closing.

#### LB 414 - Change provisions of the Political Subdivisions Construction Alternatives Act. Wishart.

The Legislature advanced LB 414 to Select File on April 6<sup>th</sup> by a 41-0 vote.

The Government Committee reported LB 414 to General File on February 16<sup>th</sup> following a 7-0-1 vote.

The bill adds natural resources districts to the list of political subdivisions that could use design-build contracts or construction management at risk contracts.

The bill outlines that political subdivisions may use such for a project, in whole or in part, for water, wastewater, utility, or sewer construction.

To use the contract, the governing body of the political subdivision shall adopt a resolution selecting the design-build contract or construction management at risk contract delivery system by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the governing body of the political subdivision. The resolution shall include a statement that the political subdivision has made a determination that the contract is in the public interest based, at a minimum, on one of the following criteria: (a) Savings in cost or time or (b) requirement of specialized or complex construction methods suitable for the design-build contract or construction management at risk contract delivery system.

#### The Government, Military & Veterans Affairs Committee accepted testimony on LB 414 on February 4<sup>th</sup>.

Opening on the bill, Senator Wishart commented that she was carrying the bill for Senator Hilgers, noting this is building off of LB 890 from last session. She commented that the goal is to save time and money by allowing for a more efficient process. The bill would authorize the use of design build for water infrastructure projects. This is a compromise with the only stakeholders who were in opposition last year. She noted that NPPD would like to be added to the list of political subdivisions authorized for design-build, and requested the committee consider that as an amendment.

#### <u>Proponents</u>

Christy Abraham testified in support on behalf of the League of Nebraska Municipalities. Abraham noted that the use of design-build continues to expand and grow. She suggested that there have been many communities that would like to use design-build for water and wastewater projects.

Elizabeth Elliott testified in support on behalf of the City of Lincoln. Elliott commented that this would offer flexibility and provide cost and time savings. She noted that the City of Lincoln has successfully used design-build for other projects and would like to have the same option for water and wastewater utility projects.

Written testimony was submitted in support by NACO.

The NARD worked with Senator Wishart and submitted written testimony on the bill. The testimony outlined that Nebraska's NRDs operate and provide safe drinking water for 15 rural water systems in Nebraska. This includes more than 2,300 miles of buried water lines, serving over 19,300 people across the state. Primarily, these serve smaller communities that cannot afford to operate systems independently. They also serve many rural customers in between the communities that do not have access to drinking water.

An example would be the Logan East Rural Water & Wau-Col Rural Water system operated by the Lower Elkhorn NRD. This system has 800 miles of buried water lines, serving six communities of Belden, Magnet, McLean, Uehling, Winslow & Herman. There are also rural customers that hook on to the system in between the communities. The total population served is over 6,000.

During the floods of 2019, several rural water systems had breaks in lines and needed emergency repairs. The NRDs were able to hook on to other systems to provide temporary service while the system was repaired. The design-build process proposed in LB 414 could allow NRDs to use a design system that would expedite construction, save money and ultimately provide cost savings for the users. This process could be used in the future to add customers and communities to existing systems and/or new systems.

There was no opposition or neutral testimony and Senator Wishart waived closing. Position letters in support of the bill were submitted by the Association of General Contractors, and MUD.

#### LB 189 - Change provisions relating to property tax refunds. Halloran

Provisions of LB 189 were incorporated into LB 644 via AM 854 by a 35-1 vote. LB 644 was advanced to Select File this week and a summary of the bill can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

The Revenue Committee reported LB 189 to General File on March 12th following a 7-0-1 vote.

The bill proposes to change procedures for making a property tax refund. Under the bill, if sufficient funds are not available, the county treasurer shall register the refund which remains unpaid as a claim against each political subdivision and shall issue the person entitled to the refund a receipt for the registration of the claim.

The bill eliminates existing language regarding the political subdivision certifying to the county treasurer that a hardship would result and create a serious interference with its governmental functions if the refund is paid. It adds language to require the political subdivision to make provisions in its next budget for the refund claim amount. The bill also eliminates the five-year allowance for refund.

#### The Revenue Committee accepted testimony on LB 189 on February 10<sup>th</sup>

During his opening remarks, Sen. Halloran mentioned the Mid-America Agri Products-Wheatland (MAP-W) ethanol plant in Madrid, Nebraska, protested their taxes and found that they were being charged double what they should have owed. Perkins County owed the MAP-W ethanol plant a repayment of nearly \$110,000. Per

statute, political subdivisions can declare a hardship and not have to make the repayment. This bill would require them to include the repayment in their next budget to ensure the taxpayer, who was overcharged receives their money. He noted that the MAP-W ethanol plant is just one example of a taxpayer not being repaid and we need to hold political subdivisions to repayments.

## **Proponents**

David Bracht, attorney at Kutak Rock representing MAP-W ethanol plant, testified in support. Bracht noted that MAP-W employs 30-35 employees in Madrid and has some of the highest salaries in Madrid and Perkins County. He said the hardship clause in statute, doesn't have a specific meaning other than the repayment would interfere with the government operation. The political subdivision also doesn't have to pay interest on that repayment unless it is still unpaid after five years. Bracht asked the committee to contrast that with the taxpayer, who pays 14 percent interest if they don't pay their taxes in first year and could lose their property if they don't eventually pay.

Frederick Stehlik, attorney with Gross and Welch and represented MAP-W on various tax appeals, testified in support. Frederick noted that it can take some time for the clock to even start on repayment. In MAP-W's case, they appealed the 2017 tax valuation and three years later the Nebraska Supreme Court heard the case and made a judgement, which then started the five-year clock for the county to make repayment. Frederick noted there is no way for the taxpayer to enforce repayment of the taxes and they can't ask the political subdivision to take the repayment off the next year's taxes. He said it's essentially an interest-free loan for the political subdivision and there is no rule that says the political subdivision can't come back the next year and raise the taxes back up. He noted when the ethanol plant or another manufacturer is the largest employer, this can happen.

Robert Lundeen, CEO of MAP-W and Mid-America Bio Energy, testified in support. Lundeen noted that in the early 2000s they built two ethanol plants – one in Cambridge and one in Madrid. They have a board member who serves on both ethanol plant boards, and they discovered that the Cambridge plant was valued at 50 percent less than the Madrid plant even though they were identical. Lundeen noted the board tried to be respectful as a member of the community and employer in Perkins County, but the fact that they were being charged twice than an identical plant 80 miles away was not OK. Lundeen said his board directed him to take action and they started litigation and exhausted their means, and now they are before the legislature pleading for fairness. We buy 16 million bushels of corn in the area and we help increase the value of the corn basis. Lundeen noted that if it's happening to them, it's happening to others but since their revenue is larger, they went through the extra cost to litigate it. He said counties are indebted to various taxpayers.

Don Kain, representing himself and the Independent Cattlemen of Nebraska, testified in support. He noted that he just raises cows and is not a CEO of anything, but his ranch in Custer County had a 250% tax increase in one year. He noted he has two Nebraska Supreme Court decisions in his favor and has only received one partial payment (\$12,000 of \$18,000) for being overtaxed. He noted he is concerned the county will use the hardship clause to hurt him financially and get out of repaying him. He said it's such a ludicrous situation in Custer County and it's happening across the state, not only to the big guy but also the little guy. He said he often gets phone calls from people who are going through this same situation and would try to provide a list for the committee.

## **Opponents**

Jon Cannon, NACO, testified in opposition. He noted that in some cases the hardship clause is certainly needed as in case of MAP-W the village of Madrid's repayment would have been 1/3 of their budget. He said, the clause is for the benefit of all taxpayers, because the levy would have to be increased for everyone to offset the repayment. The reason the hardships are in statute is because the burden would be shifted onto every other taxpayer. Cannon noted that Perkins County repaid the settlement, however the ESU, NRD and smaller subdivisions still have the judgment outstanding.

Lynn Rex, League of Municipalities, testified in opposition. Repayment might become a levy issue and come down to issuing a bond, vote of the people, etc. Rex noted that the hardship line is critically important as in the case of the village of Madrid with it being 1/3 of the budget. Rex note if there is budget capacity, the political subdivision would get it paid because they don't want that repayment sitting on their books. Rex said she didn't believe this bill is ready to pass, because there is more information that is needed like how many refunds are pending and how widespread of an issue this is.

#### <u>Neutral</u>

There was no neutral testimony, and no letters were submitted for the record.

In closing, Sen. Halloran said that Sen. Flood hit it on the head, "it's not their money." He said it's about equity and fairness for the taxpayer, and it's essentially an interest-free business loan for the political subdivision.

#### LB 644 – Adopt the Property Tax Request Act. Hansen, B. Hansen, B. Priority Bill.

The Legislature advanced LB 644 to Select File on April 7<sup>th</sup> by a 36-1 vote after adopting AM 755 on a 36-1 vote and AM 854 by a 35-1 vote, a summary of the amendments is included below.

The amendment (AM 854) incorporates provisions of the following LB 189 (summarized above).

The Revenue Committee previously reported LB 644 to General File with AM 755 following a 7-0-1 vote.

The amendment (AM 755) proposes the following changes to the bill:

- Limits the political subdivisions subject to the act to counties, cities, school districts, or community colleges. Other political subdivisions would not be subject to the act.
- Outlines that if a political subdivision as defined under the act includes area in more than one county, the county in which the principal headquarters are located will be the location of the joint public hearing.
- Requires each postcard mailed under the act to include: 1) Date, time and location for the joint public hearing; 2) A listing of each political subdivision that will be participating in the joint public hearing; 3) A telephone number for each political subdivision and the amount of each participating political subdivision's property tax request; 4) The name of the county that will be holding the joint public hearing; 5) The parcel number and the name and address of the property owner; 6) The prior year and the current year assessed valuation; 7) The amount of property taxes due in the prior year and the amount of property taxes due for the current year and the change in the amount of property taxes due.
- The due date for filing the budget with the Auditor of Public Accounts for all political subdivisions is moved to September 27.

The resolution/ordinance process for budgeting that was adopted in 2019 for other political subdivisions that have a property tax request greater than the previous year remains in place.

The new process for counties, cities, school districts, or community colleges. would be as follows:

#### Hearing Process:

Each political subdivision within a county that seeks to set its property tax request at an amount that exceeds its property tax request in the prior year shall participate in a joint public hearing. At such hearing, there shall be no items on the agenda other than discussion and action on each political subdivision's intent to approve a property tax request that exceeds the political subdivision's property tax request in the prior year.

The joint hearing shall be held on or after August 20 and prior to September 27 and before any of the participating political subdivisions file their adopted budget statement. The joint public hearing shall be held after 6 p.m. on the relevant date.

At the joint public hearing, each political subdivision shall give a brief presentation on the political subdivision's intent to approve a property tax request that exceeds the political subdivision's property tax request in the prior year and the effect of such request on the political subdivision's budget.

The presentation shall include: (i) The name of the political subdivision; (ii) The amount of the property tax request; and (iii) The following statements: (A) The total assessed value of property differs from last year's total assessed value by the specified percent; (B) The tax rate which would levy the same amount of property taxes as last year, when multiplied by the new total assessed value of property, in dollars per \$100 of assessed value; (C) The new rate of property tax, in dollars per \$100 of assessed value; (D) Based on the proposed property tax request and changes in other revenue, the total operating budget of the political subdivision outlining the percentage change that the budget would exceed last year's budget;

At the joint public hearing, interested parties desiring to be heard shall be given an opportunity to present oral testimony: (i) Within reasonable time limits, which shall be no less than three minutes; and (ii) Without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals allowed to make public comment.

#### **Public Notice Requirements:**

Public notice of the joint public hearing shall be provided: (i) By sending a postcard to all affected property taxpayers. The postcard shall be sent to the name and address to which the property tax statement is mailed; and (ii) By posting notice of the hearing on the main page of the relevant county's web site.

The county shall mail the postcards and the cost of mailing the postcards shall be divided among the political subdivisions participating in the joint public hearing. The postcard sent by the county under this subsection and the notice posted on the county's web site shall include the date, time, and location for the public hearing, a listing of and contact information for each political subdivision that will be participating in the public hearing, and the amount of each participating political subdivision's property tax request.

The notice shall also contain the following information with respect to each participating political subdivision: 1) In all uppercase letters, the name of the political subdivision requesting a tax increase; 2) The total assessed value of property differs from last year's total assessed value by the specified percent; 3) The tax rate which would levy the same amount of property taxes as last year, when multiplied by the new total assessed value of property, in dollars per \$100 of assessed value; 4) The new rate of property tax, in dollars per \$100 of assessed value; 5) Based on the proposed property tax request and changes in other revenue, the total operating budget of the political subdivision outlining the percentage change that the budget would exceed last year's budget

#### **Resolution or Ordinance:**

The political subdivision increasing the tax would be required to have a record vote of the governing body in passing such resolution or ordinance. The resolution or ordinance setting a property tax request shall be certified and forwarded to the county clerk on or before October 15 of the year for which the tax request is to apply.

Any levy which is not in compliance with the Property Tax Request Act shall be construed as an unauthorized levy.

#### The Revenue Committee accepted testimony on LB 644 on February 10<sup>th</sup>

Senator Hansen opened by providing an overview of the truth in taxation initiative. This model was first enacted in Utah in 1985. He noted this is an informed consent bill that provides taxpayers information about what taxes are going up, by how much, who is raising them, and provides a mechanism to make elected

officials more accountable for decisions. Hansen said current law does not require political subdivisions to send taxpayers direct notification of a property tax request hearing and that a postcard showing the amount that an individual's taxes would increase would be more effective at getting their attention than the currently required newspaper advertisement.

## **Proponents**

Jessica Shelburn with Americans for Prosperity-Nebraska testified in support. She commented that Nebraska has excessive taxation, noting that the state ranks in bottom for property taxes. She testified that the Utah model would strengthen the impact of LB 103, which was passed during the previous session.

Sarah Curry testified in support on behalf of The Platte Institute. She commented that this is an extension of LB 103 and puts teeth in current law. She provided results from an institute poll that said 77% of respondents supported mailed notification of property tax hearing. She commented that there is no mechanism to check if all tax entities are complying with law and holding hearings. She noted that other states including IL, MN, TX and AZ have implemented measures similar to the Utah model.

Written testimony in support of the bill was provided by the Nebraska Chamber of Commerce and the Nebraska Bankers Association

## <u>Opponents</u>

Lynn Rex testified in opposition on behalf of the League of Municipalities. She outlined a number of unworkable issues with the bill. The first being related to the timeline and the issues the bill would create with meeting the filing deadline. She expressed concern over the hearing process, providing an example for Polk County, where there are 29 Political Subdivisions that would all have to come together at 1 hearing. She raised the issue of how political subdivisions with jurisdiction in multiple counties would determine where to hold a hearing.

Jon Cannon testified in opposition on behalf of NACO and raised the same concerns outlined by Lynn Rex.

Colby Coash testified in opposition on behalf of the Nebraska Association of School Boards. He noted that provisions of LB 148 just passed last session, already require separate hearings to be noticed and conducted for budgets.

Written testimony in opposition was submitted by the Nebraska Community College Association and Lancaster County.

## <u>Neutral</u>

No neutral testimony was provided and a letter in the neutral position was submitted by Open Sky.

In closing, Sen. Hansen noted that the postcard is key and what gets people interested. He addressed some questions raised by opponents and noted that the bill allows for an extra week by pushing the filing deadline to September 27<sup>th</sup>. He also noted that hearings would not be too large to manage because the bill lists that only specific subdivisions are required to participate, so not all would be at the hearings. He also noted that the postcards would be shared cost only of those subdivisions raising taxes.

#### Select File

## LB 83 - Change the Open Meetings Act to provide for virtual conferencing. Flood. Government Committee Priority Bill.

The Legislature advanced LB 83 to Final Reading on April 6<sup>th</sup> by a voice vote after adopting AM 750 on a 41-0 vote. AM 750 adds Sanitary Improvement Districts to the list of public bodies able to conduct virtual conferencing during emergencies.

Previously, the Legislature advanced LB 83 to Select File on March 15<sup>th</sup> by a 48-0 after adopting AM 127 on a 48-0 vote.

Previously, the Government Committee reported LB 83 to General File with AM 127 on February 16<sup>th</sup> following an 8-0 vote. The Government Committee declared the bill a priority bill for the session.

The committee amendment (AM 127) adds language to the bill that ratifies actions taken by public bodies in reliance on Governor's executive orders issued during the pandemic. The amendment also adds MUD and regional metropolitan transit authorities to the list of political subdivisions that may utilize virtual conferencing for public meetings. The amendment adds a requirement that when multiple public participation sites are offered that each meeting site be attended by at least one member of the public entity or their designee. The amendment includes a revision clarifying that the documents that must be made available at each meeting site are those documents being considered at the meeting. The amendment requires an emergency declaration by the Governor under section 81-829.39 to trigger emergency meeting procedures under the bill. Lastly, the amendment provides an exception to an address publication requirement in instances where that address requirement may endanger a person's security.

The bill allows for virtual conferencing for the following entities:

- (i) A state agency, state board, state commission, state council, or state committee, or an advisory committee of any such state entity;
- (ii) An organization, including the governing body, created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, the Joint Public Agency Act, or the Municipal Cooperative Financing Act;
- (iii) The governing body of a public power district having a chartered territory of more than one county in this state;
- (iv) The governing body of a public power and irrigation district having a chartered territory of more than one county in this state;
- (v) An educational service unit;
- (vi) The Educational Service Unit Coordinating Council;
- (vii) An organization, including the governing body, of a risk management pool or its advisory committees organized in accordance with the Intergovernmental Risk Management Act;
- (viii) A community college board of governors;
- (ix) The Nebraska Brand Committee;
- (x) A local public health department;
- (xi) A natural resources district; and
- (xii) The Judicial Resources Commission

To hold such meeting the following criteria must be met:

- (1) Reasonable advance publicized notice is given including providing access to a dial-in number or link to the virtual conference;
- (2) Reasonable arrangements are made to accommodate the public's right to attend at a physical site and participate including seating, in at least one designated site in a building open to the public and

identified in the notice, recording of the hearing by audio or visual recording devices, and a reasonable opportunity for input, such as public comment or questions, is provided to at least the same extent as would be provided if virtual conferencing was not used;

- (3) At least one copy of all documents for the meeting is available at any physical site open to the public where individuals may attend the virtual conference. The public body shall also provide links to an electronic copy of the agenda, all documents being considered at the meeting, and the current version of the Open Meetings Act; and
- (4) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, no more than one-half of the meetings of the state entities, advisory committees, boards, councils, organizations, or governing bodies are held by virtual conferencing in a calendar year.

The bill also allows for virtual conferencing if an emergency is declared pursuant to the Emergency Management Act. Under this provision, a public body the territorial jurisdiction of which is included in the emergency declaration, in whole or in part, may hold a meeting by virtual conferencing during such emergency if the public body gives reasonable advance publicized notice. The notice shall include information regarding access for the public and news media.

In addition to any formal action taken pertaining to the emergency, the public body may hold such meeting for the purpose of briefing, discussion of public business, formation of tentative policy, or the taking of any action by the public body. The public body shall provide access by providing a dial-in number or a link to the virtual conference.

The public body shall also provide links to an electronic copy of the agenda, all documents being considered at the meeting, and the current version of the Open Meetings Act. Reasonable arrangements shall be made to accommodate the public's right to hear and speak at the meeting and record the meeting.

The nature of the emergency shall be stated in the minutes. Complete minutes of such meeting specifying the nature of the emergency and any formal action taken at the meeting shall be made available for inspection.

The bill also has changes regarding individuals that speak at meetings. The body shall require any member of the public desiring to address the body to identify himself or herself, including an address and the name of any organization represented by such person. Under current law, this is voluntary.

Finally, beginning July 31, 2022, the governing body of a natural resources district, the city council of a city of the metropolitan class, the city council of a city of the primary class, the city council of a city of the first class, the county board of a county with a population greater than twenty-five thousand inhabitants, and the school board of a school district shall make available on such entity's public website the agenda and minutes of the governing body.

The agenda shall be placed on the website at least 24 hours before the meeting of the governing body. Minutes shall be placed on the web site at such time as the minutes are available for inspection under existing law. This information shall be available on the public website for at least six months.

The bill includes the emergency clause so it would become effective as soon as it is approved by the Governor.

#### The Government Committee accepted testimony on the bill on January 27<sup>th</sup>.

In his opening, Senator Flood noted this bill is a step toward modernizing the way meetings are done. He stressed that a lot of people have worked together as a coalition to draft this bill and that testimony would be consolidated. During questioning, Senator Flood was asked about the right to declare an emergency, and it was noted that this is a point of contention with the bill, but he noted he feels the local individuals are best positioned to determine the best way to address an emergency.

#### **Proponents**

Proponents of the bill included Larry Ruth testifying on behalf NARD and the LPSNRD. Ruth demonstrated the practical need for the bill by outlining the struggles and obstacles the LPSNRD board has had to overcome during the pandemic. During questioning, Senator Halloran raised concern about the issue of rural connectivity and how it could prevent constituents from participating. Senator Lowe raised questions and spoke to the need to add something in the bill to ensure board members stay actively engaged and away from outside influence.

Other proponents included Shelly Sahling-Zart testifying on behalf of the Nebraska Power Association. She told the committee the bill is not changing how ordinary meetings are conducted, it's about continuing to do public business during moments of extraordinary emergencies. She noted the bill is first and foremost about addressing safety and including transparency.

Mike Rogers of Gilmore and Bell testified on behalf of the city of Lincoln. He spoke about the unclarity in the Governor's pandemic executive order and the potential legal challenges it presents, noting that this bill adds clarity.

Lynn Rex testified in support on behalf of the League of Nebraska Municipalities and the Nebraska Association of School Boards. Rex thanked the Governor for his orders allowing for continuation of virtual conferencing. She outlined how the bill merges two sections of statute for video conferencing and teleconferencing into one section for virtual conferencing.

Sean Kelley testifying on behalf of the Douglas County Board of Commissioners told the committee they have successfully utilized virtual meetings during the pandemic and simply wanted their support for the bill on the record.

Edison McDonald testifying for Arc of Nebraska noted the bill would ensure there is more opportunity for engagement for individuals with disabilities.

Danielle Conrad for the ALCU of Nebraska told the committee this is a good government bill with increased transparency and flexibility. She noted the ALCU is pleased to hear there are amendments to offer additional privacy.

There were eleven written testimonies and nineteen position letters submitted from proponents.

#### **Opponents**

Lance Molina of Gretna testified in opposition. He testified that the bill would allow the government body to mute any individual they disagree with. He provided an example of a meeting in Gretna where proponents were unlimited in testimony, but opponents were filtered.

Written testimony in opposition to the bill was submitted from the Governor's Office. No opposition position letters were submitted.

#### <u>Neutral</u>

Neutral testimony was provided by Tim Texel on behalf of the Nebraska Power Review Board. He testified simply to raise questions about three technicalities. Asking for clarification on what does all documents mean in contrast to current law of all documents considered at the meeting. He also noted he is not clear on what is meant by sites for copies and how an electronic copy of an agenda needs to be made available.

Neutral written testimony was submitted by Media of Nebraska. One neutral position letter was submitted.

Senator Flood waived closing.

#### **Committee Action**

# LB 209 - Change provisions relating to treatment of deferred compensation by certain political subdivisions, state agencies, and the Public Employees Retirement Board. McDonnell.

The Retirement Systems Committee reported LB 209 to General File on April 8<sup>th</sup> with AM 880 by a 6-0 vote. The amendment (AM 880) strikes the original provisions and becomes the bill.

The amendment clarifies that a plan of deferred compensation offered by a county, municipality, or other political subdivision may provide for the deferral on either a pretax basis or an after-tax Roth contribution basis under a qualified Roth contribution program pursuant to section 402A of the Internal Revenue Code The bill clarifies that Roth IRA contribution amounts, as part of a deferred compensation package, are to be included in the computation of federal or state taxes withheld on behalf of public employees.

The Retirement Committee accepted testimony on LB 209 on March 3rd.

#### **Committee Hearing**

# LB 406 - Create the Lower Platte River Infrastructure Task Force and provide funding. McDonnell. Speaker Priority.

The Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on a proposed amendment (AM 848) to LB 406 on Tuesday, April 20<sup>th</sup>.

The amendment would replace the bill. The amendment proposes a couple changes to the Lower Platte River Infrastructure Task Force outlined in the original bill and adds provisions to also create the Statewide Tourism and Recreational Water Access and Resource Sustainability Special Committee of the Legislature.

First, the amendment proposes to create the Statewide Tourism and Recreational Water Access and Resource Sustainability Special Committee.

- The committee shall consist of the Speaker of the Legislature, who shall serve as chairperson, and six members of the Legislature appointed by the Executive Board of the Legislative Council, with two members appointed from each congressional district.
- The Executive Board of the Legislative Council shall provide staff as required by the committee from existing legislative staff. In addition, the committee may hire additional staff, make expenditures for travel, and enter into contracts for consulting, engineering, and development studies.
- It is the intent of the Legislature to appropriate two million dollars for fiscal year 2021-22 to carry out the purposes of the committee.
- Studies shall be conducted on:
  - (i) The need to protect public and private property, enhance economic development, and promote private investment and the creation of jobs along the Platte River and its tributaries from Columbus, Nebraska, to Plattsmouth, Nebraska;
  - (ii) The need to provide for public safety, public infrastructure, land-use planning, and economic development in the Lake McConaughy region of Keith County, Nebraska;
  - (iii) The socioeconomic conditions, recreational and tourism opportunities, and public investment necessary to enhance economic development and to catalyze private investment in the region in Knox County, Nebraska, that lies north of State Highway 12 and extends to the South Dakota border and includes Lewis and Clark Lake and Niobrara State Park.

- (b) The studies for Lake McConaughy in Keith County and Lewis and Clark Lake and Niobrara State Park in Knox County shall evaluate the outcomes and the economic benefits of proposed development and improvements to residents, the local region, and state tourism.
- The committee shall hold hearings and request and receive reports from state, county, and city agencies regarding matters pertaining to its studies. The committee may hold one or more closed sessions for the receipt of confidential information if at least one-half of the members of the committee vote in open session to hold a closed session. The committee may appoint a subcommittee for the purpose of receiving public input as it relates to protection from flooding along the Platte River from Columbus, Nebraska, to Plattsmouth, Nebraska.
- Any studies conducted by the committee shall be completed on or before December 31, 2021.
- The committee shall seek input from the Statewide Water Resources Infrastructure Task Force regarding its study of the Platte River region.

The bill as amended also proposes to create the Statewide Water Resources Infrastructure Task Force to study three to five potential flood-control infrastructure projects along the river basin of the lower Platte River.

The task force shall consist of the following members, appointed by the Director of Natural Resources: (a) Four directors or general managers of natural resources districts, each from the board of directors or offices of four natural resources districts with boundaries that include river basins along the lower Platte River, (b) the dean of the College of Engineering at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln or the dean's designee, (c) the mayor of a city of the primary class, (d) the mayor of a city of the second class, (e) three representatives from a city or village located adjacent to the lower Platte River, (f) one member of a metropolitan utilities district board, and (g) the Director of Natural Resources as a nonvoting, ex officio member.

The task force shall select a chairperson from the members of the task force and may hire consultants with funds appropriated by the Legislature. The task force shall convene within forty-five days after the effective date of this act at the call of the chairperson of the task force. Task force members shall receive no compensation for their services on the task force other than reimbursement for expenses incurred in carrying out their duties.

The task force would be required to study three to five potential flood-control infrastructure projects along the river basin of the lower Platte River, the lower Platte River or lower Platte River basin is that corridor of the lower Platte River from Columbus, Nebraska, to Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

For each project, the task force shall gather information as required by subsections (4) through (6) of this section and gather the following data and information to compile an analysis:

(i) identify potential project locations and project size based on existing constraints, (ii) develop threshold criteria for project size to be of adequate scale to serve regional, or at a minimum, sub-regional populations, with appropriate amenities, and (iii) establish criteria for regional and sub-regional projects.

The task force would gather the following data and information to compile an analysis:

- (a) Hydrology and water supply;
- (b) Topography of the area;
- (c) Geotechnical information;
- (d) Existing infrastructure that may be impacted;
- (e) Existing and future recreation and economic needs of the area;
- (f) Existing and expected economic data of the area;
- (g) Existing and expected demographic data of the area;
- (h) Environmental data of flood sites and regional environmental data;
- (i) Future land-use master plans;

(j) Existing and planned transportation infrastructure; and

(k) Land ownership data.

Factors for task force consideration include:

- (i) Location. The proximity to urban areas and centers of economic development;
- (ii) Size. Identify opportunities to serve regional or sub-regional populations;
- Water supply and land availability, including minimum water supplies required to sustain and support a water-based project in addition to sediment storage for reservoir sustainability and contiguous land areas for a project;
- (iv) Infrastructure considerations, including public and private infrastructure that present opportunities or pose constraints and the degree of such opportunities or constraints;
- Socioeconomic considerations, including socioeconomic factors that are opportunities or constraints;
- (vi) Environmental considerations, including environmental resources that may be augmented, or possibly impacted, and that may influence siting;
- (vii) Public acceptance, including the general likelihood of public acceptance of a project in a proposed area;
- (viii) Property protections
  - a. No potential intervention for a project may harm or relocate any city of the second class, and protecting private property shall be prioritized.

The task force shall define project elements to maximize project benefits within physical constraints of a project, including concept level definition of project features sufficient to estimate costs, benefits and anticipated water-based project benefits that could include flood control, water supply, water quality, and hydropower.

An event based hydrologic model shall be developed and used in conjunction with existing hydrologic models to define flood-risk-reduction benefits. A long-term hydrologic model shall be used to determine firm yield of a potential site for assessing pool viability, water quality, water supply, and hydropower benefits.

The definition of project features shall include type and size of project infrastructure, property acquisition, existing infrastructure impacts, recreation amenities, relocations, if applicable or required, and an estimate of costs.

The task force shall also perform an economic analysis to assess project economic benefits, including:

(a) Flood-risk reduction;

- (b) Water supply;
- (c) Hydropower;

(d) Increased flat water recreational opportunities near the major population centers of Nebraska;

(e) Enhanced tourism in Nebraska from surrounding areas, capitalizing on and complimenting existing state recreational facilities in eastern Nebraska;

- (f) Direct and indirect regional economic benefits associated with development of major recreation opportunities in eastern Nebraska;
- (g) Population and workforce retention; and
- (h) Any other relevant benefits.

The task force shall also perform an environmental analysis to identify environmental constraints, impacts, and challenges to project development, including a general socioeconomic and natural resource assessment and evaluation of potential project-related effects. Such assessment and evaluation shall be performed in the context of a federal National Environmental Policy Act evaluation and evaluate typical social and natural

resource categories, identify federal, state, and local regulatory authorizations that would be required, and evaluate the complexity of obtaining any regulatory authorizations.

The date for completing the report and submitting to the legislature is no later than December 31, 2021

## The Natural Resources Committee accepted testimony on LB 406 on January 28th.

Opening on the bill, Tim Pendrell, legislative staff for Senator McDonnell, provided the committee with an overview of the need for the bill. He noted this bill is a follow up to LR 138 from last year. It was discussed that the tools outlined to be studied in the bill would have assisted in mitigating an estimated \$3 billion worth of damages from flooding in 2019 alone. He mentioned that while Governor Ricketts has joined a coalition to advocate for USACE to address flooding, we need to understand that the 2019 flooding was not just from Missouri River flooding, rather it was from the Platte and its uncontrolled tributaries.

## <u>Proponents</u>

John Winkler, General Manager of the Papio-Missouri River NRD, testified on behalf of NARD. Winkler outlined the need to mitigate extremes to improve safety and protect communities. He reiterated that up to \$3 billion in damages could have been prevented from one single event. He outlined the impact of drought on the area and the benefits reservoirs could provide in protecting against the impacts of drought, including supplementing municipal water supplies, and ensuring junior irrigated users are not shut down. He also outlined the additional benefits of recreation that the reservoirs could provide. Winkler told the committee a large reservoir could have a \$200-\$300 million economic impact annually, not including the conservation benefits.

Winkler was asked several questions by committee members. Senator Gragert asked if this is about a large lake at Ashland, and if not, what type of infrastructures is the bill considering. Winkler discussed that historically this has been about one large reservoir near Ashland, but this bill and effort is different. It is taking a look at the whole basin, and would evaluate the potential of smaller reservoirs, evaluating all options beyond just the reservoir near Ashland. Winkler reiterated this is about much more than one big reservoir, noting that the Platte River is the wild west of flood control right now with lots of opportunities.

It was discussed that with matching funds the total study would provide \$1.8 million in funding, which would utilize existing data and work to narrow down and refine locations, many of which have been considered previously in some cases as early as the late 1800s.

Senator Cavanaugh asked several questions, including where the water to fill the reservoirs would come from. Winkler noted that existing streamflows and permits would have to be honored and it would only be excess flows captured, with no harm to downstream users.

Sen. Cavanaugh also inquired about the reason for the shift away from major dam projects. Winkler noted this has been a national trend and said there are multiple reasons but that it's often due to environmental concerns. Winkler stressed that these types of projects can be used to enhance natural environment for endangered species and can have an overall positive environmental impact.

Senator Bostelman commented that LB 1201 from last year does exactly what this bill is targeting, except that this bill is limiting the area to a few NRDs and not the entire state. He feels there needs to be an overall state look first. Winkler acknowledged the benefits of LB 1201 and the statewide effort, noting that this digs down into the specific lower Platte reach. Winkler testified that this would be a great compliment to LB 1201, because it'll provide unprecedented information to assist in providing resources for the LB 1201 effort.

Senator Gragert spoke to the need for a top to bottom watershed approach, and the benefits of projects such as the proposed Battle Creek reservoir were discussed.

Senator Bostelman highlighted efforts by LPNNRD to build 6 smaller dam structures and expressed that they are an example of why a comprehensive overview is needed. He also commented that the USACE failed us on the levee system in 2019.

Senator Wayne acknowledged efforts to protect the Water Sustainability Fund and questioned why they would not just apply for the funds. Winkler responded he doesn't think there's a problem with applying.

Senator Cavanaugh asked if the same objectives can be accomplished by smaller reservoirs? Winkler discussed that it's possible, but until you do this study you don't know. It was also asked who pays for the reservoirs? Winkler noted that it would be multiple funding sources, providing examples of how PMRNRD has utilized several private and public partnerships to fund past projects.

#### **Opponents**

Rick Grauerholz, mayor of Ashland, testified that the Ashland area needs better flood control. He said this idea of the Ashland dam surfaces every few years and discussion of a large-scale dam and water impoundment from past discussions would cause significant problems for the people in Ashland as some maps show parts of the community being inundated. Given these past studies he's concerned over some of the language in the bill. He stressed that 2019 was an extreme and not a good judgment of what the normal is. He requested the committee add language to protect the people of Ashland from being flooded by impoundment.

Shirley Niemeyer testified that she doesn't object to using dollars for repair of damages and for building of smaller dams, but she opposes recreation and economic opportunities targeted toward large population areas. She said this bill is focused too much on recreation. She testified that there's been no major dams constructed since 1970 because they are immensely detrimental to the environment.

Written testimony in opposition was provided by Scott Smathers of the Natural Resources Commission, Lee Orton, Helen Raikes, Al Davis of the Sierra Club, and Charles Neymeyer.

## <u>Neutral</u>

Bradley Pfiefer, Ashland Chamber of commerce, testified in a neutral capacity. He raised concern over the impacts of the unknowns about what's going to happen to Ashland. He spoke to the development ongoing around Ashland. He said as a taxpayer, he doesn't understand why government would double up if 1201 already does the same thing. Written neutral testimony was provided by the Nebraska Airboat Association.