

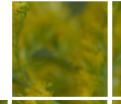
PROTECTING LIVES
PROTECTING PROPERTY
PROTECTING THE FUTURE



NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICTS

Districts are responsible for 12 key areas:

- 1. Development, management, use, and conservation of groundwater and surface water
- Soil conservation
- Erosion prevention and control
- Flood prevention and control
- Pollution control
- Water supply for any beneficial uses
- Prevention of damages from flood water and sediment
- Development and management of recreational and park facilities
- Forestry and range management
- 10. Development and management of fish and wildlife habitat
- 11. Drainage improvement
- 12. Solid waste disposal





















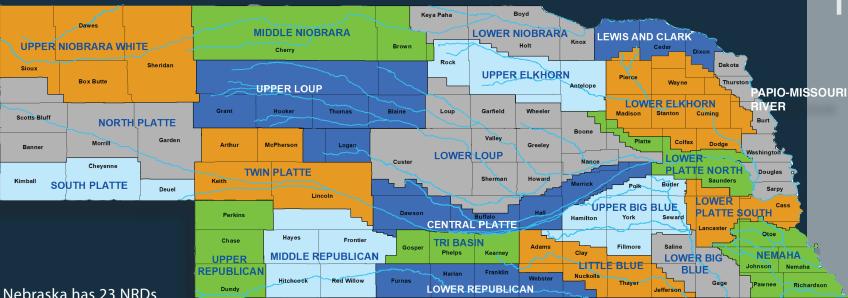
Photos provided by Lower Platte North Natural Resources District

In 1972, the Nebraska Legislature created the Natural Resources Districts (NRDs) to solve issues related to flood control, soil erosion, irrigation run off, and groundwater quality and quantity.

Nebraska is known both nationally and abroad for its agricultural bounty and natural wonders. These wonders surround the state from the Sandhills to the bluffs.



LOCAL CONTROL



Nebraska has 23 NRDs with boundaries based on Nebraska's major river basins, allowing for better coordinated management of soil and water resources. NRDs help Nebraskans respond to natural resources challenges with local control, solutions, and field offices. Since their creation in 1972, state statutes have expanded the responsibilities of the NRDs, specifically in protecting groundwater. The Nebraska Association of

Resources Districts, a statewide association created by NRDs, provides administrative services, legislative representation, statewide communication, and coordination for the independent districts. These districts are unique to Nebraska, and act as local government units with broad responsibilities to protect natural resources. Elected boards govern each NRD, and primary funding comes from local property taxes.

Nebraska's NRDs make a larger conservation impact through partnerships with USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Nebraska Department of Natural Resources, other state and federal agencies, municipalities, counties, and private organizations.

LOCAL SOLUTIONS

QUICK FACTS

> NRDs offer many different conservation programs

NRDs were first established in 1972

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Districts

Partner with other conservation organizations

Districts are separated by watershed boundaries

Find contact information for your local Natural Resources District on pages 21-22.

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EDUCATION



CONSERVATION

Educating Nebraska's youth about natural resources conservation is a vital responsibility. NRDs are nationally known for their innovative and effective environmental education programs.

NRDs help engage youth in a wide variety of environmental and natural resources activities throughout the state.

ACTIVITIES

- Resource Management
- Envirothon
 Competitions
- Poster Contests
- Engaging
 Presentations
- Adventure Camp about the Environment (ACE Camp)
- Water Festivals
- Outdoor Classrooms
- Land Judging
- Range Judging
- Nature Nights

CONNECTION

Whether in the classroom or on a field trip, students connect and learn the principles of environmental stewardship and conservation.

ENVIROTHON

High school students interested in natural resources have an opportunity to compete in the Envirothon. This challenging competition allows students to demonstrate knowledge in soils, aquatics, wildlife, forestry, range, policy, and a current environmental issue. Regional competitions and the state championship are hosted by the Natural Resources Districts.



INTERACTION

Each year, thousands of students in Nebraska are given interactive outdoor education experiences through their local Natural Resources District.



NRDs ARE SHAPING NEBRASKA'S
YOUTH INTO FUTURE DECISION
MAKERS AND STEWARDS OF THE LAND

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TREES AND

Arbor Day, the tree planting holiday, originated in Nebraska in 1872.

During the 1930s Dust Bowl, Nebraska was a leader in tree planting. Nebraska is home to the world's largest hand-planted forest.



The NRD Conservation Tree
Program helps Nebraskans plant
more than one million trees each
year in windbreak structures and
urban forestry programs.

Districts sell trees and weed barrier, and assist landowners with designing, planting, and installing windbreaks.

As funds are available, many districts cost share on tree plantings with the landowner.

Visit nrdtrees.org for more information on tree programs

Photos provided by Twin Platte Natural Resources District



WILDLIFE AREAS

WINDBREAK BENEFITS Shade and shelter homes Reduce soil erosion

- Protect crops and livestock
- Provide shelter for wildlife
- Buffer noise
- Add beauty to landscapes





SOIL HEALTH





Diminished agricultural productivity can be linked to poor soil health. A primary cause of poor soil health is excessive soil erosion. NRDs address these problems by promoting conservation, educating the public, and working with partner agencies like the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and the Nebraska Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

Erosion is controlled by installing terraces, cover crops, grassed waterways, grade stabilization structures, buffer strips, dams, planting tree windbreaks, and improving range management. Many NRDs offer cost-share incentives to install conservation measures on the land. These practices can be implemented along with NRCS programs and need to meet specific engineering and agronomic standards. When soil erosion becomes a threat to neighboring properties, districts have authority to mediate a solution under the Erosion and Sediment Control Act.



Unprotected soil erodes easily during rain events. Conservation practices such as terraces, cover crops, and no-till farming reduce soil erosion, improving soil and water quality.

As conservation professionals, NRDs along with partner agencies like NRCS, assess each operation individually to provide programs and utilize best management practices to conserve soil and water.



Photos provided by Lower Platte North Natural Resources District

1.

FLOOD REDUCTION

PROACTIVE APPROACH

As long as rain falls and snow melts, floods will occur. NRDs are at work protecting people and property, and prepared to help in any natural disaster.

Flood control projects often provide the additional benefit of recreation including activities such as:

- Boating
- Fishing
- Camping
- Wildlife Viewing
- Pedestrian Trails

FLOOD STRUCTURES

Nebraska's NRDs work with landowners and partner organizations to minimize flood damage. NRDs protect people and property with watershed protection structures such as:

- Dams
- Levees
- Dikes
- Drainage ditches and other flood structures



WATER MANAGEMENT

Once dismissed as
"The Great American Desert,"
Nebraska is blessed with ample
water resources including nearly
80,000 miles of rivers and streams.

The Ogallala Aquifer supplies Nebraska with more groundwater than any other state.

Natural Resources Districts help to secure the future by protecting groundwater from overuse and pollution.

Although Nebraska's water is plentiful, it is not infinite or immune from drought or contamination.

QUANTITY

Irrigators, communities, industries, and wildlife all compete for this precious resource. Finding a balance between competing demands is key to protecting water resources for the future. Each Natural Resources District has a management plan to protect groundwater from overuse, shortages, and user conflicts. Districts often cost share with landowners on water meters and soil moisture sensors to encourage water stewardship.

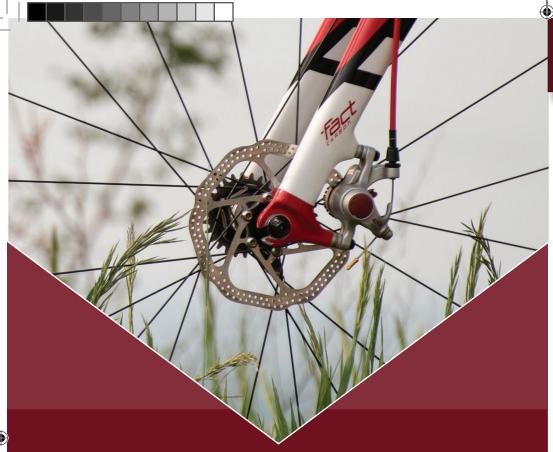




QUALITY

Keeping groundwater clean is an essential responsibility of the Natural Resources Districts. By offering water sampling, well decommissioning, best management practices, chemigation inspections, and demonstration projects, NRDs can help ensure water is protected for future generations. In some cases, NRDs are also water suppliers operating Rural Water Systems that provide safe, affordable drinking water to rural residents and small towns.

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RECREATION



Public Access Lakes

kes Trails





Wetland Areas

Campgrounds

RECREATION AREAS

These areas include public access lakes, trails, and wetland areas. There's something for every outdoor enthusiast to enjoy! Many NRD projects are developed for multiple purposes. Recreational trails are built atop flood-control levees or along abandoned railroad lines. Dams built for flood control often develop into recreation areas. Habitat areas and wetlands are available for hunters and are often preserved for interpretive nature study.

EXAMPLES OF NRD RECREATION AREAS:

- Alda Crane Viewing Site
- Bear Creek
- Big Indian Rec Area
- Brewer Bridge
- Buckskin Hills
- Chalco Hills
- Cottontail Lake
- Davis Creek
- Homestead Lake
- Iron Horse Trail Lake
- Lake Seldom
- Lake Wanahoo
- Liberty Cove
- Lincoln Saline Wetlands
- Maple Creek
- Oliver Reservoir
- Pibel Lake
- Prairie Lake
- Smith Creek
- Willard L. Meyer Rec Area
- Willow Creek
- Wild Plum Lake

There are more than 80 recreation areas across the state built and run by NRDs. For more information, visit nrdnet.org/recreation

Photos provided by Twin Platte Natural Resources District

GRAZING LANDS

REGENERATE PRAIRIES

With proper management, grazing land can recharge the state's aquifers, help promote water quality, and prevent soil erosion. In addition, grasslands provide a way of life for livestock producers, homes for wildlife, and recreational opportunities.

ENCOURAGE STEWARDSHIP

NRDs encourage stewardship by providing financial assistance for planned grazing systems, including constructing cross-fencing systems and pipelines for livestock water.



Photos provided by Twin Platte Natural Resources District

Prescribed burning prepares grazing land for interseeding, controls weeds and invasive tree species, enhances wildlife habitat, and improves forage quality.



Nebraska's diverse grazing lands blanket more than half the state.

Of the 23 million acres of grazing land, Nebraska's Sandhills hold more than half of the state's rangeland.



PROMOTE SUSTAINABILITY

Along with partner agencies, NRDs sponsor grazing land field tours and educational programs to promote sustainable conservation practices.

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Conserving Nebraska's natural resources is just as important in cities as in rural areas. The activities of the urban population also have a major impact on water and soil. Converting farmland to urban uses like housing developments greatly increases the potential for flooding and water pollution problems such as soil sedimentation and urban runoff.

DEVELOPMENT

Natural Resources Districts respond to these needs by focusing resources and programs on urban issues, including forestry, park development and improvement, wellhead protection, flood control, streambank stabilization, recreation, and environmental education.

by Lower Platte South Natural Resources District

Photo provi

NRDs construct and maintain hundreds of miles of levees and channel improvements to protect urban and rural residents from flooding.

CONTACT YOUR LOCAL NRD



NEBRASKA ASSOCIATION OF RESOURCES DISTRICT 8100 S. 15th St. | Suite B Lincoln, NE 68512 www.nrdnet.org

CENTRAL PLATTE

215 Kaufman Ave. Grand Island, NE 68803 308.385.6282 | www.cpnrd.org

LEWIS & CLARK

608 N. Robinson Ave. | PO Box 518 Hartington, NE 68739 402.254.6758 | www.lcnrd.nebraska.gov

LITTLE BLUE

100 E. Sixth St. | PO Box 100 Davenport, NE 68335 402.364.2145 | www.littlebluenrd.org

LOWER BIG BLUE

805 Dorsey St. | PO Box 826 Beatrice, NE 68310 402.228.3402 | www.lbbnrd.net

LOWER ELKHORN

1508 Square Turn Blvd. Norfolk, NE 68701 402.371.7313 | www.lenrd.org

LOWER LOUP NRD

2620 Airport Dr.
Ord, NE 68862
308.728.3221 | www.llnrd.org

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LOWER NIOBRARA

410 Walnut St. | PO Box 350 Butte, NE 68722 402.775.2343 | www.lnnrd.org

LOWER PLATTE NORTH

511 Commercial Park Rd. | PO Box 126 Wahoo, NE 68066 402.443.4675 | www.lpnnrd.org

LOWER PLATTE SOUTH

3125 Portia St. | PO Box 83581 Lincoln, NE 68501 402.476.2729 | www.lpsnrd.org

LOWER REPUBLICAN

30 N. John St. | PO Box 618 Alma, NE 68920 308.928.2182 | www.lrnrd.org

MIDDLE NIOBRARA

303 E. Highway 20 Valentine, NE 69201 402.376.3241 | www.mnnrd.org

MIDDLE REPUBLICAN

208 Center Ave. | PO Box 81 Curtis, NE 69025 308.367.4281 | www.mrnrd.org

NEMAHA

62161 Highway 136 Tecumseh, NE 68450 402.335.3325 | www.nemahanrd.org

NORTH PLATTE

100547 Airport Rd. | PO Box 280 Scottsbluff, NE 69363 308.632.2749 | www.npnrd.org

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER

8901 S. 154th St. Omaha, NE 68138 402.444.6222 | www.papionrd.org

SOUTH PLATTE

551 Parkland Dr. | PO Box 294 Sidney, NE 69162 308.254.2377 | www.spnrd.org

TRI-BASIN

1723 Burlington St. Holdrege, NE 68949 308.995.6688 | www.tribasinnrd.org

TWIN PLATTE

111 S. Dewey St. | PO Box 1347 North Platte, NE 69103 308.535.8080 | www.tpnrd.org

UPPER BIG BLUE

319 E. 25th St. York, NE 68467 402.362.6601 | www.upperbigblue.org

UPPER ELKHORN

301 N. Harrison St. O'Neill, NE 68763 402.336.3867 | www.uenrd.org

UPPER LOUP

39252 Highway 2 Thedford, NE 69166 308.645.2250 | www.upperloupnrd.org

UPPER NIOBRARA WHITE

430 E. Second St. Chadron, NE 69337 308.432.6190 | www.unwnrd.org

UPPER REPUBLICAN

511 E. Fifth St. | PO Box 1140 Imperial, NE 69033 888.883.9066 | www.urnrd.org

FOLLOW YOUR LOCAL NRD ON FACEBOOK AND TWITTER

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Nebraska's Natural Resources Districts are unique with boundaries based on watersheds. For more information on the districts and their individual programs, please contact your local NRD.

Published by Nebraska Association of Resources Districts (NARD) in 2020.
Design by Sydney Norris of Twin Platte Natural Resources District and Lacey Sabatka
of Lower Platte North Natural Resources District Contact the Nebrask Association of
Resources Districts for additional copies of this publication.